Resonant states and valley current polarization in gated MoS_2 nanoribbons

M. P. Nowak¹, D. Gut^2

 ¹AGH University of Science and Technology, Academic Centre for Materials and Nanotechnology, al. A. Mickiewicza 30, 30-059 Krakow, Poland
² AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Materials Science and Ceramics, al. A. Mickiewicza 30, 30-059 Krakow, Poland

Single layers of MoS_2 constitute a new class of two-dimensional semiconductors with promising applications in novel electronics that exploits spin and valley properties of charge carriers [1]. By the means of tight-binding [2] transport calculation we investigate the valley properties of a single-layer nanoribbon. We characterize the dispersion relation of the ribbon and point out the presence of bands corresponding to the edge modes, modes with distinct K and K' polarization, and higher-energy bands corresponding to Q valleys. We show that current flowing through a locally gated metallic-zigzag ribbon, can be suppressed due to opposite localization of the edge modes in the regime of the inverted band gap and explain appearance of energy-equidistant resonant states due to quasi-bound edge states. Finally, we present that due to band mixing in a side-gated ribbon valley polarization of the current can be achieved, important in the context of electrical measurements of valley hall effect [3].

[1] K. F. Mak, K. L. McGill, J. Park, P. L. McEuen, Science 344, 1489 (2014).

[2] E. Cappelluti, R. Roldn, J. A. Silva-Guilln, P. Ordejn, and F. Guinea, Phys. Rev. B 88, 075409 (2013).

[3] T. Y. T. Hung, K. Y. Camsari, S. Zhang, P. Upadhyaya, Z. Chen, arXiv:1805.06054 (2018), Z. Wu, Be. T. Zhou, G.-B. Liu, J. Lin, T. Han, L. An, Y. Wang, S. Xu, G. Long, C. Cheng, K. Tuen Law, F. Zhang, N. Wang, Nature Commun. 10, 611 (2019).