

Strong interaction of GaN nanowires with bulk MoS₂: Raman and photoluminescence studies

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Disulfide molybdenum (MoS₂) crystal has very interesting physical properties. It is commonly known that luminescence of disulfide molybdenum strongly depends on its thickness. Decreasing the number of MoS₂ layers leads to strong increase of photoluminescence intensity which is explained as transformation of indirect to direct bandgap semiconductor.

In this work, we show that substantial enhancement of both Raman and photoluminescence spectra of MoS₂ crystals can be achieved by deposition of gallium nitride (GaN) nanowires on top of them.

The MoS₂ samples were exfoliated from synthetic bulk crystal and placed on silicon substrate covered with silicon dioxide. The GaN nanowires of length of 1-2 μm and diameter of 30-50 nm were grown by MBE on Si(111). Subsequently they were separated from the Si substrate using methanol ultrasonic bath and deposited on MoS₂ surface.

Presence of GaN nanowires on the MoS₂ surface was verified by optical microscopy (see black spots on Fig.1, top part) which matches very well with the Raman signal of E₂ GaN mode.

Interestingly enough, positions of GaN nanowires perfectly correspond to the enhancement of both Raman and photoluminescence of MoS₂ crystal. As presented in Fig.1, E_{2g}¹ Raman mode of MoS₂ was amplified by factor of ~1.5 and PL even by a factor of ~3.

The obtained results may indicate strong interaction leading to the appearance of photonic effects in Raman and selection rule breaking for emission spectra from MoS₂ bulk crystals.

The observed effect would be important from the point of view of nanooptical devices based on MoS₂ structures.

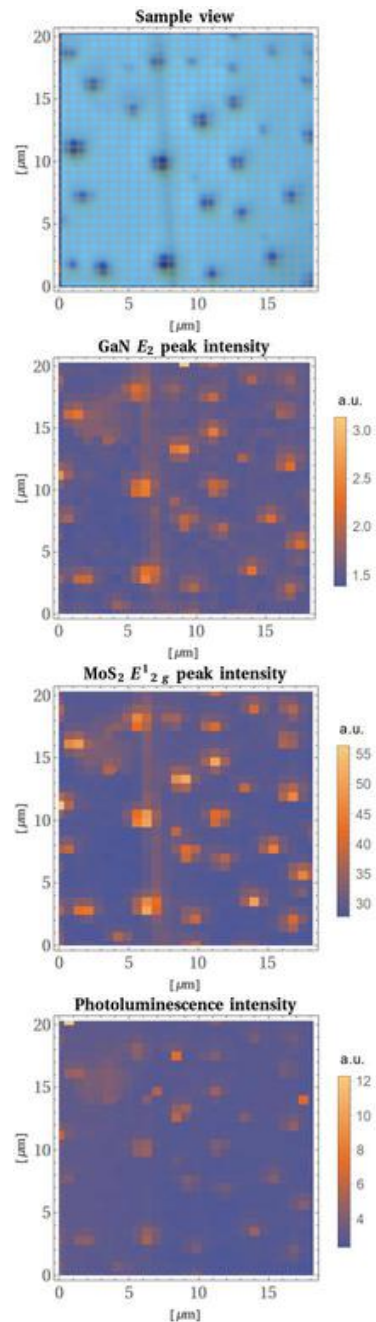


Figure 1: Results of spatially resolved Raman and photoluminescence spectroscopy of GaN nanowires deposited on bulk MoS₂.